Exposé court

14 Cycle identities in the affine grassmannian and applications to Breuil–Mézard for crystalline representations

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The Breuil–Mézard conjecture is a combinatorial shadow of the currently hypothetical p-adic Langlands correspondence. It describes the geometry, at the level of cycles, of special fibres of moduli spaces of n-dimensional potentially crystalline in terms of the mod p representation theory of GL_n .

In this talk I will give an overview of results from my recent paper (arXiv:2305.06455) which establish new results towards this conjecture, as well as generalisations in which GL_n is replaced by a split reductive group *G*. This is done by relating the geometry of moduli of crystalline representations with sufficiently small Hodge–Tate weights to certain degenerations of products of flag varieties in the affine grassmannian for *G*, and then describing these degenerations in terms of the representation theory of the dual group \hat{G} .