

Exposé court

134 *Equidistribution of exponential sums indexed by roots of polynomials*

Untrau, Théo (*Institut de Mathématiques de Bordeaux*)

In this talk, we will consider variants of some classical exponential sums, such as the following "restricted sums of additive characters"

$$\sum_{\substack{x \in \mathbb{F}_p \\ g(x)=0}} e\left(\frac{ax}{p}\right)$$

for a fixed monic polynomial $g \in \mathbb{Z}[X]$. We will be interested in the distribution of these sums as p goes to infinity among the primes that split completely in the splitting field of g , and as a varies in \mathbb{F}_p .

We show that they become equidistributed with respect to a measure that is related to the group of additive relations among the complex roots of g . This generalizes previous results obtained by Duke, Garcia, Hyde et Lutz in the case where $g = X^d - 1$, and of Burkhardt, Chan, Currier, Garcia, Luca and Suh in the case of "restricted Kloosterman sums" of the form

$$K_p(a, b, d) := \sum_{\substack{x \in \mathbb{F}_p \\ x^d=1}} e\left(\frac{ax + bx^{-1}}{p}\right).$$

This is a joint work with Emmanuel Kowalski.